



# PathoSense

2025

**CONFIDENTIAL**

The content of this document is confidential and intended for the training of employees of official PathoSense Partnerlabs. It is strictly forbidden to share any part of this document with any third party, without a written consent of PathoSense.



## Wet lab flow diagnostics PathoSense

### WET LAB IV - DNA Clean Up

#### Viral and bacterial DNA clean up using CleanNA magnetics beads

**Timing ~ 60 min / 12 samples**

#### Reagents

- 70% Ethanol\* (400 µL / sample)
- CleanNA magnetic beads (50 µL / sample, 1:1 ratio)
- DNase/RNase free water

\*It is important to prepare fresh 70% ethanol each time, since ethanol attracts water when kept too long

#### Materials

- DNA-Lobind 1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes (3 / sample)
- Magnetic rack
- Wide-bore tips



- All surfaces should be cleaned with Hibiscrub, 70% Ethanol, and 10% Bleach in this order of cleaning. Prevent contamination.
- Aerosol-barrier tips should be used throughout the entire procedure.

- Perform all steps in the dedicated sample preparation area.

### Protocol

1. **Label** three **1.5 mL Eppendorf tubes** for each sample
2. **Vortex** the CleanNA magnetic beads until all beads are suspended
3. Use **wide-bore tips** to add **50 µL CleanNA magnetic beads** to the first labeled eppendorf (1:1 ratio)
4. Add **50 µL sample** to each corresponding labeled eppendorf containing the magnetic beads
5. **Gently mix** the suspension by tapping the tube with your fingers and **quick spin**
6. **Incubate** the suspension for **5 minutes** at **room temperature**

In the meanwhile prepare the fresh 70% ethanol:

- It is important to prepare **fresh** 70% ethanol each time, since ethanol attracts water when kept too long
  - Add **3.64 ml 100% ethanol** (Molecular grade) and **1.56 ml DNase/RNase- free water** in a 15 mL Falcon tube.
7. Place the sample centered into the **magnet holder**, and incubate for **2 minutes**
  8. **Remove the supernatant** using a P200 pipette tip, without disturbing the beads
  9. Gently **wash the beads** using **200 µL fresh 70% ethanol**, without disturbing them
  10. **Remove the ethanol**, and **repeat** the wash step (9)
  11. **Remove the ethanol**, and spin the sample down
  12. Place sample in **magnet holder** and **remove the residual of the ethanol** with P20 pipette tip
  13. **Incubate** the tubes with open lids for **MAX 5 minutes at 50°C** to evaporate all the ethanol and to dry the beads
- Incubate until a '**dry**' pellet is observed and no more ethanol is visible
14. When a 'dry' pellet is observed **add 25 µL DNase/RNase-free** water straight on the pellet (DO NOT PIPET)
  15. **Tap the tube** to dissolve the magnetic beads, quick spin
  16. Incubate at **room temperature for 2 minutes** to elute the DNA

17. Incubate for **2 more minutes** on the **magnetic rack**
18. **Transfer the supernatant (25 µL)** to a new labeled eppendorf tube
19. Place the tube once more on **the magnetic rack for 2 minutes**
20. Again **transfer the supernatant (20 µL)** to the 3rd labeled eppendorf tube
21. The **concentration and quality of the DNA** in the sample can be checked with an appropriate assay such as Nanodrop or Quantifluor using 2 µL of the sample

Ideally, samples are processed immediately for library preparation. They can be stored at 4°C for up to 5 days.

---

Keep samples on ice and proceed with

## **WET LAB V - LIBRARY PREPARATION**